

Report Number: -S0074 Provider: Sample Reports 16255 SE 130th Ave Clackamas, OR 97230			Patient Info: Amber Sample HAge:56Gender:FMenopausal Status: Hysterectomy (Ovaries Not Removed)amber.sample@sample.com 123 A St. Suite BPortland, OR 97123				moved)	Sample Collection Morning Noon Date/Time   Divide Collection 07/06/2014 0730   Noon 07/06/2014 1130   Evening 07/06/2014 1500   Night 07/06/2014 1940   Samples Arrived Results Reported 07/08/2014		
	Saliva Hormone Test	Result	Units	L	WR	н	Reference	Range		
HORMONES	Estrone (E1)	9.34	pg/ml		•		5.8-34.2 post menopausal			
	Estradiol (E2)	1.53	pg/ml		•		1.0-3.2 post men	-3.2 post menopausal (1.5-10.8 supplementation)		
	Estriol (E3)	10.72	pg/ml		•		<66.0 (67.0-708.0 supplementation)			
	EQ (E3 / (E1 + E2))	0.99		+		low <1.0; WR >1.0; optimal >1.5				
	Progesterone (Pg)	987.38	pg/ml		•		500-3000 supplementation			
	Ratio of Pg/E2	645.35				•	200-600 pre; post with supplementation			
	Testosterone	64.39	pg/ml			•	6.1-49.0 female (30.0-60.0 supplementation)			
	DHT	27.00	pg/ml			•	9.4-26.3 female			
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ADRENALS	DHEA	24.49	pg/ml	•	•		106.0-300.0 fema	ale		
	Cortisol Morning	5.45	nmol/L				5.1-40.2; optimal	l range: 18-35*		
	Cortisol Noon	3.12	nmol/L		•		2.1-15.7; optimal	I range: 6-12*		
	Cortisol Evening	2.09	nmol/L		•		1.8-12; optimal r	ange: 4-8*		
	Cortisol Night	1.67	nmol/L		•		0.9-9.2; optimal	range: 2-6*		



**Adrenal Phase:** 



Jay H. Mead MD FASCP Labrix Clinical Services, Inc Medical Director



- Estrone and estradiol are within the reference ranges, however the Estrogen Quotient (EQ) is suboptimal. Estriol is less potent than the other estrogens and when present in sufficient quantities (as indicated by an optimal EQ) it plays an antagonistic role, and may govern the proliferative effects of estrone and estradiol. Although estriol level is above the reference range (likely do to individual variance), estriol supplementation is a consideration to optimize this quotient and reduce associated risks. \* References available upon request.
- Progesterone to estradiol (Pg/E2) ratio and reported symptoms are consistent with estrogen dominance. Supplementation with topical progesterone to correct this relative deficiency is a consideration.
- The high testosterone is suggestive of metabolic syndrome (insulin resistance), although exogenous exposure (not reported) cannot be excluded. Serum vitamin D, fasting glucose and insulin testing may be warranted.
- Elevated DHT is consistent with reported scalp hair loss and acne. Dampening of 5-alpha reductase activity may be a consideration.
- DHEA level is consistent with stress response or supplementation (not reported), although metabolic syndrome cannot be ruled out. Serum vitamin D, fasting glucose and insulin testing may be warranted.
- Adrenal gland function appears reasonably adequate. Query thyroid insufficiency (perhaps related to iodine deficiency).

## Notes:

L=Low(below range) WR=Within Range (within range) H=High (above range)

DHEA, Testosterone, Estrone and Estriol results are for investigational use only.

\*Apply only when all four cortisols are measured. Clinical interpretations may override these generalized optimal ref. ranges. \*\*The Pg/E2 ratio is an optimal range established based on clinical observation. Progesterone supplementation is generally required to achieve this level in men and postmenopausal women.